

Southern California Edison
***WSD-001 – Resolution WSD-001 to Establish Procedures for the Wildfire Safety Division's
Review of 2020 Wildfire Mitigation Plans Pursuant to PUC Sections 8386 and 8386.3***

DATA REQUEST SET W S D - S C E - 0 0 2

To: WSD
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Received Date: 3/5/2020

Response Date: 3/10/2020

Question 053 (SCE-43895-I-368):

A. Item Index [For CPUC tracking purposes. Please reference this item index with the response provided.]

SCE-43895-I-368

B. Request Type

Request for additional specificity or clarification regarding information submitted in WMP or maturity survey

C. Relevant section of WMP (if applicable)

5.3.5

D. Relevant question in Maturity Survey (if applicable)

NA

E. Relevant meeting or call (if applicable)

NA

F. Specific Data request

What criteria does SCE use to determine whether or not a tree is “within general blow-in proximity to conductors,” as described in section 5.3.5 on page 5-95? Provide all supporting documents and procedures that outline this.

Response to Question 053 (SCE-43895-I-368):

Factors that can influence blow-in proximity may include, but are not limited to: tree type, height, DBH (Diameter at Breast Height), and proximity to the conductors and how these factors would impact the movement of the tree in wind conditions. Any tree located within the Grid Resiliency Clearance Distance (GRCD) clearance distance of the Transmission Vegetation Management Plan (TVMP) and/or Distribution Vegetation Management Plan (DVMP), contingent on sufficient height, can be considered within blow-in proximity. Arborist judgment may often be used in addition to the clearances defined in our governing procedures.

The TVMP and DVMP were provided in response to question 52.